

Lafros GUI-App: a monitoring and control-oriented Scala-Swing application framework

Rob Dickens

// Latterfrosken
software.development(limited);

Walsall, West Midlands, UK

Contents

- 15 mins Slides
- 10 mins Demo
- 5 mins Answers

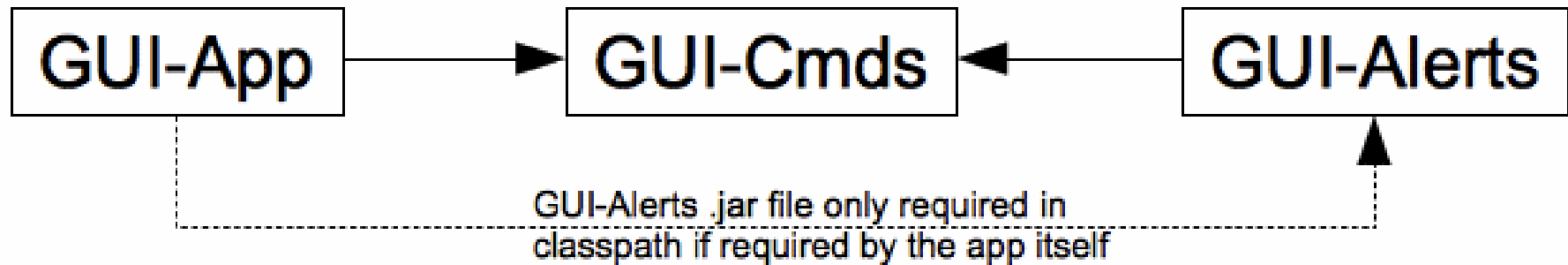
What this software is for

- intended to simplify writing monitoring and control-oriented user interfaces for the desktop (in Scala)
 - intend to use it to write the user interface for an impl'n of the Lafros MaCS remote monitoring and control API
- however, ought to be worth considering when writing any kind of desktop user interface

How it came to be written

- 1995: began writing C++/Motif framework as part of User Monitoring and Control module for EISCAT Svalbard Radar
- 1998: began writing Java version
- 2002: dev't of Java version continued independently => JUICe libraries
- 2009: JUICe libraries rewritten in Scala => Lafros GUI-App, GUI-Cmds, GUI-Alerts

A framework depending on two sub-frameworks



- GUI-App: deploy same code as application or applet
- GUI-Cmds: define units of code to be invoked interactively
- GUI-Alerts: monitor changeable values interactively

Deploy same code as application or applet

```
object app extends App {  
  def init(context: Context) {...}  
}
```

```
<applet code="com.lafros.gui.app.Applet"  
...  
<param name="App" value="org.myorg.myapp.app">  
</applet>
```

- only need supply an `init()` method – default impl'ns are provided for the other methods the framework uses: `displayApplication()`, `start()`, `stopApplet()`, `restartApplet()`, `terminate()`
- all will be called from a `java.awt.EventQueue` dispatch-thread

Define your GUI Cmds

- functions of type, `Unit => Option[String]`
 - return an optional feedback message
- define by extending `Cmd` trait, or one or more of its sub-traits
 - `CheckFirstCmd`: requests confirmation
 - `EventDependentCmd`: supplies the `Event`
 - `PwdProtectedCmd`: requests password
 - `SeqBgCmd`: executed in the background
 - `TogCmd`: flips toggle upon return

Executing GUI Cmds

- executed indirectly, via an Exer
- associate an AbstractButton via the Trig mix-in

```
val myCmd = new Cmd {
  def apply() = { // exceptions will be caught
    ...
    Some("useful thing done")
  }
}
val myCmd2 = Cmd {
  ...
  Some("useful thing done")
}
...
val myExer: Exer = Exer(myCmd)
val togExer: Tog.Exer = Exer(togCmd)
val togExer2: Tog.Exer = Exer(setCmd, resetCmd)
myExer.executeCmd() // guaranteed to return,
... // immediately
```

```
val but = new Button with Trig {
  exer = myExer // also sets cmd property
}
val but2 = new Button with Trig {
  cmd = myCmd // also sets exer property
}
val togBut = new ToggleButton with Trig {
  // button only toggles if togCmd returns
  exer = togExer
}

val but = new Button with Trig {
  cmdReaction = { // exceptions caught
    case ActionEvent(_) =>
      ...
      Some("useful thing done")
  }
}
```

```
// configure multiple Trigs
// in one place
val trigProps = new Trig.Props {
  title = "toggle"
  title0 = "set toggle"
  title1 = "reset toggle"
}
val but3 = new Button with Trig {
  action = trigProps
  exer = togExer
}
val but4 = new ToggleButton with Trig {
  action = trigProps
  exer = togExer
}
```


GUI-Cmds benefits

- common functionality provided for you
- conditional toggles
 - only flip if Cmd returns
- robust
 - exceptions caught
- promote user feedback
 - feedback and exception messages relayed via TheCmdsController to, for example, a Gui-App's MsgLine

The GUI-Alerts MonField

- a `scala.swing.Label`, specialised for displaying values that are updated, and to which the user's attention might need to be drawn
- has `alert` property, with the following values:
 - `NoAlert`: normal background colour
 - `NonIntrusive`: red background
 - `Intrusive`: alternating background accompanied by alert sound
 - `Acknowledged`: red background

Other MonField properties

- `valueToAlert: Any => Alert`
- `value: Any`
 - `text = value.toString`
 - `alert = valueToAlert(value)`
- `templateText: String`
 - determines width (except when `""`)

GUI-App/Scala vs JUICe/Java: usage 1

- + the declarative style afforded by Scala's properties makes GUI code far easier to understand

```
val a = new A {  
  b = new B {  
    c = new C {  
      ...  
    }  
  }  
}
```

```
C c = new C();  
B b = new B();  
b.setC(c);  
A a = new A();  
a.setB(b);
```

GUI-App/Scala vs JUICe/Java: usage 2

- + less work to define GUI Cmds, by virtue of their default method impl'ns
- + None preferable to null when GUI Cmds return no feedback message
- + the main method required of applications is provided for you

GUI-App/Scala vs JUICe/Java: framework impl'n

- + whereas JUICe.cmds had to supply a corresponding class for every AbstractButton, GUI-Cmds needed supply only a single mixin, Trig
- + was able to implement SeqBgCmds in GUI-Cmds without recourse to synchronized blocks, resulting in code which is straightforward to reason about

GUI-App/Scala vs JUICe/Java: deployment

- dependency on scala-library.jar and scala-swing.jar has implications for downloadable apps (applets or Java Web Start applications)
 - can extract only those classes which are actually required, using e.g. ProGuard – see <http://lafros.com/maven/plugins/proguard>

Availability

- Maven project on github
- GPL or purchase per-app exception
- see <http://lafros.com/gui> for further details...